SAFETY DATA SHEET
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

Product name: THERMAX™ 2.00 Inch Insulation Sheathing

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: THERMAX™ 2.00 Inch Insulation Sheathing

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Identified uses: Thermal insulation. For industrial use. We recommend that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact your sales or technical service representative.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY
2030 DOW CENTER
MIDLAND MI  48674-0000
UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436
SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: CHEMTREC +1 800-424-9300
Local Emergency Contact: 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification
GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200
Combustible dust

Label elements

Signal word: WARNING!

Hazards
If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Other hazards
No data available
3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is an article.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CASRN</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Modified Polyisocyanurate Rigid Cellular Polymer</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>&gt; 55.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>&gt; 25.0 - &lt; 35.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate</td>
<td>13674-84-5</td>
<td>&lt; 10.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyclopentane</td>
<td>287-92-3</td>
<td>&lt; 10.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopentane</td>
<td>78-78-4</td>
<td>&lt; 5.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous Filament Glass Fiber</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>&lt; 5.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Bromopropane</td>
<td>106-94-5</td>
<td>&lt; 5.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2-Dimethylbutane</td>
<td>75-83-2</td>
<td>&lt; 5.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice:
If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. May cause gastrointestinal blockage. Do not give laxatives. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician: If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazardous combustion products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. In smoldering or flaming conditions, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and carbon are generated. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Combustion products may include trace amounts of: Hydrogen cyanide. Hydrogen halides.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Container may vent and/or rupture due to fire. When product is stored in closed containers, a flammable atmosphere can develop. Mechanical cutting, grinding, crushing or sawing can cause formation of dusts. To reduce the potential for dust explosion, do not permit dust to accumulate. This product contains a flame retardant to inhibit accidental ignition from small fire sources. This plastic foam product is combustible and should be protected from flames and other high heat sources. For more information, contact Dow. Dense smoke is emitted when burned without sufficient oxygen.

Advice for firefighters
Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Soak thoroughly with water to cool and prevent re-ignition. Cool surroundings with water to localize fire zone.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: There are no special required instructions. Isolate area. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Recover spilled material if possible. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: This material is combustible and should not be exposed to flame or other ignition sources. No smoking, open flames or sources of ignition in handling and storage area. Fabrication methods which involve cutting into this product may release the blowing agent(s) remaining in the cells. Provide adequate ventilation to assure localized concentrations in release areas are maintained below the lower flammable limit. Refer to Exposure Controls and Personal Protection, Section 8 of the MSDS. Avoid breathing vapor. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep container closed. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION. Good housekeeping and controlling of dusts are necessary for safe handling of product.

Conditions for safe storage: Minimize sources of ignition, such as static build-up, heat, spark or flame. Flammable vapors may accumulate in some storage situations. During shipment, storage, installation and use, this material should not be exposed to flame or other ignition sources.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSOAL PROTECTION

Control parameters
If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Type of listing</th>
<th>Value/Notation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td>TWA total dust</td>
<td>15 mg/m³, Aluminium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td>TWA respirable fraction</td>
<td>5 mg/m³, Aluminium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA Respirable fraction</td>
<td>1 mg/m³, Aluminium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyclopentane</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>600 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopentane</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Bromopropane</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CAL PEL</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>25 mg/m³ 5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2-Dimethylbutane</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CAL PEL</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>3,600 mg/m³ 1,000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CAL PEL</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>1,800 mg/m³ 500 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Concentrations of the blowing agents anticipated incidental to proper handling are expected to be well below those which cause acute inhalation effects and below exposure guidelines.

Exposure controls
Engineering controls: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures
Eye/face protection: Eye protection should not be necessary. For fabrication operations safety glasses (with side shields) are recommended. If there is a potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles.
Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Use gloves to protect from mechanical injury. Selection of gloves will depend on the task.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. If respiratory irritation is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Particulate filter.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Tan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Mild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/range</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point (760 mmHg)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>closed cup, Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>May form combustible dust concentrations in air during processing, handling or other means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density (water = 1)</td>
<td>0.02 - 0.05 Literature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>Literature Insoluble in water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>490 °C (914 °F) ASTM D1929</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kinematic Viscosity</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**Chemical stability:** Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid temperatures above 150°C (302°F). Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose. Avoid direct sunlight.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with: Strong oxidizers.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

**Acute toxicity**

**Acute oral toxicity**
Swallowing is unlikely because of the physical state. Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts. May cause choking if swallowed.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):
LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

**Acute dermal toxicity**
Skin absorption is unlikely due to physical properties.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

For the minor component(s):
LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**
Dusts or fibers generated in processing may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Fumes or dusts generated from cutting or grinding operations may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract and lungs. Concentrations of the blowing agents anticipated incidental to proper handling are expected to be well below those which cause acute inhalation effects and below exposure guidelines.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

For the minor component(s):
Skin corrosion/irritation
May cause itching.
May cause skin irritation due to mechanical abrasion.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Solid or dust may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action.
Fumes or dust generated from cutting or grinding operations may cause eye irritation.

Sensitization
For skin sensitization:
Relevant data not available.

For respiratory sensitization:
Relevant data not available.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Repeated exposures to dusts of this material are not anticipated to result in systemic toxicity or permanent lung injury; however, excessive exposures may cause less severe respiratory effects.
The data presented are for the following material:
The fiberglass in this product is continuous filament fiberglass.
Repeated exposure to particles generated by grinding may result in implantation of particles in the skin.
Contains a component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency

Carcinogenicity
The fiberglass in this product is continuous filament fiberglass. IARC’s evaluation of data on continuous filament fiberglass is that there is inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in animals and in humans. IARC’s classification was based primarily on animal studies involving routes of administration (intratracheal, intrapleural, and intraperitoneal) which have limited relevance to typical exposures anticipated in industrial settings. Contains a component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency

Teratogenicity
Contains a component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency

Reproductive toxicity
Contains a component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency

Mutagenicity
The data presented are for the following material: The fiberglass in this product is continuous filament fiberglass. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were inconclusive. Contains a component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency
Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>List</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Bromopropane</td>
<td>IARC</td>
<td>Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>US NTP</td>
<td>Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish
Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability: Surface photodegradation is expected with exposure to sunlight. No appreciable biodegradation is expected.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation: No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high molecular weight (MW greater than 1000).

Mobility in soil
In the terrestrial environment, material is expected to remain in the soil.
In the aquatic environment, material is expected to float.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Landfill. Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT
Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):
- Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code
- Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):
- Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312
Combustible dust

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313
This product contains the following substances which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and which are listed in 40 CFR 372.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CASRN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Bromopropane</td>
<td>106-94-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyclopentane</td>
<td>287-92-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopentane</td>
<td>78-78-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2-Dimethylbutane</td>
<td>75-83-2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act:
The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

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</tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2-Dimethylbutane</td>
<td>75-83-2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including 1-Bromopropane, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)
The product meets the definition of an article and is exempt from inventory requirements.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Product Literature
Additional information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact. Ask for a product handling guide.

Revision
Identification Number: 193517 / A001 / Issue Date: 06/13/2018 / Version: 15.1
Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAL PEL</td>
<td>California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td>USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>Permissible exposure limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>Short term exposure limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>8-hour, time-weighted average</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of other abbreviations
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution
Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of
Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA -
Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA -
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical
Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations;
UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very
Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References
This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from
information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it
carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and
understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The
information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown
above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to
change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that
his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here
pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the
control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the
safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-
specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other
than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the
(M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

US
WARNING

Hazards: If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.